1 Identification

Product identifier

Product name: Triethyloxonium tetrafluoroborate, 1.0M indichloromethane

Stock number: L01175
CAS Number:
368-39-8
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.
Identified use: SU24 Scientific research and development

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Manufacturer/Supplier:
Alfa Aesar
Thermo Fisher Scientific Chemicals, Inc.
30 Bond Street
Ward Hill, MA 01835-8099
Tel: 800-343-0660
Fax: 800-322-4757
Email: tech@alfa.com
www.alfa.com
Information Department: Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Emergency telephone number:
During normal business hours (Monday-Friday, 8am-7pm EST), call (800) 343-0660. After normal business hours, call Carechem 24 at (866) 928-0789.

2 Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

GHS08 Health hazard

Carc. 2 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

GHS05 Corrosion

Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
Hazards not otherwise classified No information known.

Label elements
GHS label elements The product is classified and labeled in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)
Hazard pictograms

GHS05 GHS08

Signal word Danger
Hazard statements
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
Precautionary statements
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P303+P361+P353 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/…
WHMIS classification
D1B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects
D2B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
E - Corrosive material

Classification system
HMIS ratings (scale 0-4)
(Hazardous Materials Identification System)

Health (acute effects) = 3
Flammability = 1
Physical Hazard = 1

Other hazards
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
PBT: Not applicable.
vPvB: Not applicable.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical characterization: Substances
CAS# Description:
368-39-8 Triethyloxonium tetrafluoroborate, 1.0M indichloromethane

4 First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures
General information Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.
After inhalation
Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Keep patient warm.
Seek immediate medical advice.

(Contd. on page 2)

Product name: Triethyloxonium tetrafluoroborate, 1.0M indichloromethane

(Contd. of page 1)

After skin contact
Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.
Rub in calcium gluconate solution or calcium gluconate gel immediately.
Seek immediate medical advice.
After eye contact Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.
After swallowing Seek medical treatment.
Information for doctor
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Causes severe skin burns.
Causes serious eye damage.
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No further relevant information available.

5 Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing agents Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
If this product is involved in a fire, the following can be released:
Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide
Hydrogen chloride (HCl)
Phosgene gas
Hydrogen fluoride (HF)
Advice for firefighters
Protective equipment:
Wear self-contained respirator.
Wear fully protective impervious suit.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
Ensure adequate ventilation
Environmental precautions: Do not allow material to be released to the environment without proper governmental permits.
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:
Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).
Use neutralizing agent.
Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to section 13.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Prevention of secondary hazards: No special measures required.
Reference to other sections
See Section 7 for information on safe handling
See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

Handling
Precautions for safe handling
Handle under dry protective gas.
Keep container tightly sealed.
Ensure good ventilation at the workplace.
Information about protection against explosions and fires: No information known.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Storage
Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store in freezer (-20℃).
Information about storage in one common storage facility:
Store away from oxidizing agents.
Store away from strong bases.
Protect from heat.
Store away from water/moisture.
Further information about storage conditions:
Store under dry inert gas.
This product is moisture sensitive.
Keep container tightly sealed.
Protect from humidity and water.
Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Additional information about design of technical systems:
Properly operating chemical fume hood designed for hazardous chemicals and having an average face velocity of at least 100 feet per minute.

Control parameters
Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

(Contd. on page 3)

Product name: Triethyloxonium tetrafluoroborate, 1.0M indichloromethane

(Contd. of page 2)

Dichloromethane
ppm
ACGIH TLV 50; Confirmed animal cacinogen
Austria MAK 100; Suspected carcinogen
Belgium TWA 50; Carcinogen
Denmark TWA 35 (skin)
Finland TWA 100; 250-STEL
France VME 50; 100-VLE, C3 carcinogen
Germany MAK 100; Carcinogen
Hungary 10 mg/m3-STEL; Carcinogen
Japan OEL 50
Korea TLV 50; Confirmed animal carcinogen
Netherlands MAC-TGG 100; 500-MAC-K
Norway TWA 35
Poland TWA 20 mg/m3; 50 mg/m3-STEL
Russia TWA 100; 50-STEL
Sweden NGV 35; 70-KTV (skin)
Switzerland MAK-W 100; 500-KZG-W
United Kingdom TWA 100; 300-STEL
USA PEL 500

Fluorides (as F)
mg/m3
ACGIH TLV 2.5
Austria MAK 2.5
Belgium TWA 2.5
Finland TWA 2.5
France TWA 2.5
Germany MAK 2.5
Hungary TWA 1; 2-STEL
Netherlands MAC-K 3.5
Norway TWA 0.6
Poland TWA 1; 3-STEL
Sweden NGV 2
Switzerland MAK-W 1.5; 3-KZG-W
United Kingdom TWA 2.5
Russia TWA 2
Denmark TWA 2.5
USA PEL 2.5
Additional information: No data

Exposure controls
Personal protective equipment
General protective and hygienic measures
The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed.
Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.
Remove all soiled and contaminated clothing immediately.
Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.
Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.
Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.
Maintain an ergonomically appropriate working environment.
Breathing equipment:
Use suitable respirator when high concentrations are present.
Refer to 29CFR1910.1052 for regulations on respiratory protection required during exposure to dichloromethane
Protection of hands:
Impervious gloves
Check protective gloves prior to each use for their proper condition.
The selection of suitable gloves not only depends on the material, but also on quality. Quality will vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.
Eye protection:
Tightly sealed goggles
Full face protection
Body protection: Protective work clothing.

9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties
General Information
Appearance:

Form:	Liquid
Color:	Colorless
Odor:	Chloroform-like
Odor threshold:	Not determined.
pH-value:	Not determined.
Change in condition	
Melting point/Melting range:	Not determined
Boiling point/Boiling range:	Not determined
Sublimation temperature / start:	Not determined
Flash point:	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gaseous)	Not applicable.
Ignition temperature:	661 °C (1222 °F) (CH2Cl2)
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Auto igniting:	Not determined.
Danger of explosion:	Product does not present an explosion hazard.
Explosion limits:	
Lower:	14 Vol % (CH2Cl2)
Upper:	22 Vol % (CH2Cl2)
Vapor pressure:	Not determined
Density at 20 °C (68 °F):	1.328 g/cm³ (11.082 lbs/gal) (approx)
Relative density	Not determined.
Vapor density	Not determined.
Evaporation rate	Not determined.

(Contd. on page 4)

Product name: Triethyloxonium tetrafluoroborate, 1.0M indichloromethane

(Contd. of page 3)

Solubility in / Miscibility with
Water: Reacts
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not determined.
Viscosity:
dynamic: Not determined.
kinematic: Not determined.
Other information No further relevant information available.

10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No information known.
Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: Decomposition will not occur if used and stored according to specifications.
Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known
Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
Incompatible materials:
Oxidizing agents
Aluminum/aluminum alloys.
Alkali metals
Bases
Water/moisture
Heat
Hazardous decomposition products:
Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide
Hydrogen chloride (HCl)
Hydrogen fluoride

11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects
Acute toxicity: Swallowing will lead to a strong corrosive effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus and stomach.
LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification: No data
Skin irritation or corrosion: Causes severe skin burns.
Eye irritation or corrosion: Causes serious eye damage.
Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.
Germ cell mutagenicity: No effects known.
Carcinogenicity:
Suspected of causing cancer.
EPA-B2: Probable human carcinogen, sufficient evidence from animal studies; inadequate evidence or no data from epidemiologic studies.
IARC-2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans: limited evidence in humans in the absence of sufficient evidence in experimental animals.
NTP-R: Reasonably anticipated to be a carcinogen: limited evidence from studies in humans or sufficient evidence from studies in experimental animals.
ACGIH A3: Animal carcinogen: Agent is carcinogenic in experimental animals at a relatively high dose, by route(s) of administration, at site(s), of histologic type(s), or by mechanism(s) not considered relevant to worker exposure. Available epidemologic studies do not confirm an increased risk of cancer in exposed humans. Available evidence suggests that the agent is not likely to cause cancer in humans except under uncommon or unlikely routes or levels of exposure.
Carcinogen as defined by OSHA.
The Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) contains tumorigenic and/or carcinogenic and/or neoplastic data for this substance.
Reproductive toxicity: No effects known.
Specific target organ system toxicity - repeated exposure: No effects known.
Specific target organ system toxicity - single exposure: No effects known.
Aspiration hazard: No effects known.
Other information (about experimental toxicology):
Mutagenic effects have been observed on tests with laboratory animals.
Tumorigenic effects have been observed on tests with laboratory animals.
Subacute to chronic toxicity:
Fluorides may cause salivation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and abdominal pain, followed by weakness, tremors, shallow respiration, convulsions and coma. May cause brain and kidney damage. Chronic fluoride poisoning can cause severe bone changes, loss of weight, anorexia, anemia and dental defects.
Dichloromethane has strong narcotic effects. It is metabolized by the body producing carbon monoxide which reduces the oxygen carrying capacity of the blood. Exposure can lead to nausea, dizziness, headache and central nervous system disturbances. It is irritating to the skin and eyes. Chronic exposure may cause bronchitis, liver, kidney and pancreatic damage. Dichloromethane has caused carcinogenic, teratogenic and reproductive effects in laboratory animals. Memory loss, poor coordination, and reduced ability to think may result from brain damage. Dichloromethane may affect human sperm and can cross the placenta.
Subacute to chronic toxicity: No effects known.
Subacute to chronic toxicity:
Boron affects the central nervous system. Boron poisoning causes depression of the circulation, persistant vomiting and diarrhea, followed by profound shock and coma. The temperature may become subnormal and a scarletina form rash may cover the entire body.
Additional toxicological information: To the best of our knowledge the acute and chronic toxicity of this substance is not fully known.

12 Ecological information

Toxicity
Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
Additional ecological information:
General notes:
Do not allow material to be released to the environment without proper governmental permits.
Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.
Avoid transfer into the environment.
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
PBT: Not applicable.
vPvB: Not applicable.
Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods
Recommendation Consult state, local or national regulations to ensure proper disposal.
Uncleaned packagings:
Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

(Contd. on page 5)

Product name: Triethyloxonium tetrafluoroborate, 1.0M indichloromethane

(Contd. of page 4)

14 Transport information

UN-Number **DOT, IMDG, IATA**	UN2922
UN proper shipping name **DOT**	Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (Triethyloxonium tetrafluoroborate, 1.0M indichloromethane)
IMDG, IATA	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Triethyloxonium tetrafluoroborate, 1.0M indichloromethane)
Transport hazard class(es)	
DOT	
	
Class	8 Corrosive substances.
Label	8+6.1
Class	8 (CT1) Corrosive substances
Label	8+6.1
IMDG, IATA	
	
Class	8 Corrosive substances.
Label	8+6.1
Packing group **DOT, IMDG, IATA**	II
Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
Special precautions for user	Warning: Corrosive substances
Segregation groups	Acids
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.
Transport/Additional information:	
DOT **Marine Pollutant (DOT):**	No
UN "Model Regulation":	UN2922, Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (Triethyloxonium tetrafluoroborate, 1.0M indichloromethane), 8 (6.1), II

15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
GHS label elements The product is classified and labeled in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)
Hazard pictograms

GHS05 GHS08

Signal word Danger
Hazard statements
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
Precautionary statements
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P303+P361+P353 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/…
National regulations
All components of this product are listed in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical substance Inventory.
SARA Section 313 (specific toxic chemical listings) Substance is not listed.
California Proposition 65
Prop 65 - Chemicals known to cause cancer Substance is not listed.
Prop 65 - Developmental toxicity Substance is not listed.
Prop 65 - Developmental toxicity, female Substance is not listed.
Prop 65 - Developmental toxicity, male Substance is not listed.
Information about limitation of use:
For use only by technically qualified individuals.
This product is subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act of 1986 and 40CFR372.
Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations
Refer to 29CFR1910.1052 for regulations on respiratory protection required during exposure to dichloromethane
Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC) according to the REACH Regulations (EC) No. 1907/2006. Substance is not listed.
The conditions of restrictions according to Article 67 and Annex XVII of the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) for the manufacturing, placing on the market and use must be observed.
Substance is not listed.
Annex XIV of the REACH Regulations (requiring Authorisation for use) Substance is not listed.
Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other information

Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them, and should make independent judgement of suitability of this information to ensure proper use and protect the health and safety of employees. This information is furnished without warranty, and any use of the product not in conformance with this Material Safety Data Sheet, or in combination with any other product or process, is the responsibility of the user.

Department issuing SDS: Global Marketing Department
Date of preparation / last revision 11/23/2015 / -
Abbreviations and acronyms:
RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)

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Product name: Triethyloxonium tetrafluoroborate, 1.0M indichloromethane

(Contd. of page 5)

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
DOT: US Department of Transportation
IATA: International Air Transport Association
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)
WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (USA)
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)
NTP: National Toxicology Program (USA)
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
EPA: Environmental Protection Agency (USA)